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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/990,182	11/21/2001	Allan J. Heffron	71342	1223	
22242	7590 10/24/2003		EXAM	EXAMINER	
	N TABIN AND FLAN	GOETZ, JOHN S			
120 SOUTH L SUITE 1600	A SALLE STREET		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
CHICAGO, II	C 60603-3406		3725		

DATE MAILED: 10/24/2003

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·				09			
	,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/990,182	HEFFRON ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		John S. Goetz	3725				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the d	correspondence address				
THE I Exter after If the If NO Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. msions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication (C) (35 U.S.C. § 133).	√			
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	· ·					
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
· _	ion of Claims Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	mi nom consideration.					
	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.	•				
-	on Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)🛛 .	The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 February 2002</u> is/are	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to	by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11) 🔲	The proposed drawing correction filed on	_is: a)□ approved b)□ disappro	oved by the Examiner.				
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	bly to this Office action.					
12) 🗌	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).				
a)[☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Applicat	ion No				
* 5	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bursee the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-				
14)⊠ A	acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application	on).			
) \square The translation of the foreign language pro Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	• •					
Attachmen	t(s)						
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>6</u>	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
S. Patent and T	rademark Office						

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election with traverse of claims 1-12 in Paper No. 9 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the grounds that grouping all the claims together would not be a burden on the examiner. This is not found persuasive because there is a prima facie burden on the examiner given the number of original claims and the divergent subject matter claimed.

2. The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 6 recites the limitation "wherein" followed by the phrase "guide surfaces on the rolling arm and the second rolling head that guide the second rolling head for movement toward and from the first rolling head." The word "wherein" suggests that the following phrases will include a clause including a subject and a verb (like the first and third phrases). Without a verb the phrase is vague, needlessly confusing and renders the claim indefinite.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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6. Claims 1-4, 6-8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Hamada et al. (JP 11042560 A – hereinafter Hamada).

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- 7. Hamada discloses a rolling apparatus, for rolling a workpiece rotatable about a rotational axis, comprising:
 - i. a rolling arm (3);
 - ii. an arm support (see stand 2 and link mechanism connection arm 3c);
 - iii. a first rolling head (7);
 - iv. a second rolling head (5);
 - v. a drive (4) associated with the rolling arm (3) for shifting the first and second rolling heads relative to one another between an open and closed position.
- 8. Regarding claim 2, Hamada discloses that the first rolling head is fixed to arm (3) and that the second rolling head is movable rectilinearly along the rolling arm (see Fig. 1b).
- 9. Regarding claim 3 and 6, inherent between the driving piston 4 and the arm portion 3a are "slide surfaces" or "guide surfaces."
- 10. Regarding claims 4 and 7, Hamada discloses that the drive (4) is a fluid hydraulic cylinder mounted on the arm (3) and connected to the second rolling head (5).
- 11. Regarding claim 8, Hamada discloses that the arm support (2,3c) comprises a lever (3c) which pivots about stand (2). Given that Hamada's device operates on only one journal at a time (see paragraph 17 and Fig. 1), an axial shift assembly is inherent.
- 12. Regarding claim 11, Hamada discloses that the rolling arm "is elongated" horizontally (see members 3a and 3b) and that "a portion" (3b) of the rolling arm is positioned behind the first rolling head (7).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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- 13. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 5 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada. 14.
- 15. Regarding claim 5, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to replace the hydraulic cylinder disclosed by Hamada with a "motor drive," since the applicant has not disclosed that using a "motor drive" instead of a hydraulic cylinder solves any stated problem or is for any particular purpose. A motor drive is a well-known mechanical expedient for a fluid pressure cylinder. Furthermore, it appears that the invention would perform equally well with a hydraulic cylinder.
- Regarding claim 12, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to place the 16. hydraulic cylinder disclosed by Hamada on the other side of member 3a, since the applicant has not disclosed that such a configuration solves any stated problem or is for any particular purpose. Furthermore, it appears that the invention would perform equally well with the hydraulic cylinder placed as shown in Hamada's Fig. 1b.
- Claims 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hamada 17. in view of Garnett et al. (5,931,069 – hereinafter Garnett).
- These claims add a counterweight mechanism for counterbalancing the arm. Garnett 18. teaches, in the art of crankshaft turning machines, the use of a counterweight mechanism (186). Additionally, Garnett discloses that "[t]he weight of this counterweight counterbalances the

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unbalance caused during spindle rotation by the eccentric position of [the] housing" (column 5,

lines 6-8). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the

invention to provide Hamada's device with a counterweight mechanism in order to

counterbalance the unbalance caused by the eccentric rotation of the arm 3, as suggested by

Garnett.

Conclusion

19. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to John S. Goetz whose telephone number is 703-308-1411. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon, Tues, Thurs, Fri 7:00am-5:30pm. If attempts to

reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Allen Ostrager can

be reached on 703-308-3136. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application

or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3579 for regular communications and 703-305-3579 for

After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding 20.

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-3136.

JSG

September 29, 2003

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